

② $h(a) = -a + 5$ $h(-2) = ?$

$$h(-2) = \overset{+}{-(-2)} + 5 = 7$$

⑥ $h(N) = 4N$ $h(-3-N) = ?$

$$h(-3-N) = 4(-3-N)$$

$$= -12 - 4N$$

⑭ $\frac{9+2i}{-4i} = -\frac{9+2i}{4i} \cdot \left(\frac{i}{i}\right)$

$$= -\frac{9i + 2i^2}{4i^2}$$

Complex
 $a+bi$

$$= \frac{-2 + 9i}{4}$$

Monday 12-17-12 Class Notes

Algebra 2

$$\textcircled{\text{ex}} \quad \frac{1}{3+\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{3-\sqrt{2}}{3-\sqrt{2}} = \frac{3-\sqrt{2}}{9-2}$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{3-\sqrt{2}}{7}}$$

$$\textcircled{12} \quad \left(\frac{2N^0}{N^0 - 3N^3} \right)^0 = \boxed{1}$$

$$\textcircled{11} \quad \frac{\cancel{x^3}}{-3\cancel{x^3}} = \boxed{-\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$\textcircled{13} \quad \left[\frac{b^{-3} b^{-1}}{3b^2} \right]^3 = \left[\frac{b^{-4}}{3b^2} \right]^3 = \left[\frac{1}{3b^6} \right]^3$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{1}{27b^{18}}}$$

$$\textcircled{7} \quad -2N^2 \cdot 3N^3 \cdot 2N^2 = \boxed{-12N^7}$$

(17)

$$p^2 + 8p = -15$$

$$p^2 + 8p + 15 = 0$$

$$\text{sum} = b = 8$$

$$\text{prod} = ac = 15$$

$$+3 \quad +5$$

$$(p+3)(p+5) = 0$$

$$p = \{-3, -5\}$$

(2x)

$$3p^2 + 24p = -45$$

$$3p^2 + 24p + 45 = 0$$

$$3(p^2 + 8p + 15) = 0$$

$$3(p+3)(p+5) = 0$$

$$p = \{-3, -5\}$$

$$\textcircled{29} \quad \begin{array}{rcl} 19N^2 + 18N & = & \textcircled{-10} + 7N^2 + 11N \\ -7N^2 - 11N & & -7N^2 - 11N \end{array}$$

$$12N^2 + 7N + 10 = 0$$

$$a = 12$$

$$b^2 - 4ac$$

$$b = 7$$

$$(7)^2 - 4(12)(10)$$

$$c = 10$$

$$49 - 480 = \textcircled{-431 = d}$$

$$N = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{d}}{2a} = \frac{-7 \pm \sqrt{431}}{24}$$

QUADRATIC FORMULA

$$\textcircled{37} \quad (8x + 7x^3) - (2x^3 + 2x^2 - 2x)$$

$$\underline{8x} + \textcircled{7x^3} - \textcircled{2x^3} - 2x^2 + \underline{2x}$$

$$10x + 5x^3 - 2x^2$$

$$\boxed{5x^3 - 2x^2 + 10x}$$

$$\textcircled{40} \quad |-5 - i|$$

$$= |-5 - 1i|$$



$$\sqrt{(-5)^2 + (-1)^2} = \sqrt{25+1} = \boxed{\sqrt{26}}$$

