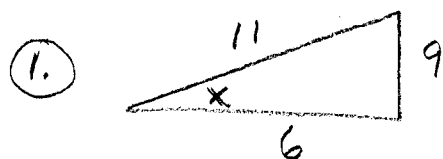


Alg. 1-BE Monday 4-5-10



$$\sin x = ?$$

$$\cos x = ?$$

$$\tan x = ?$$

LEAVE ANSWERS
AS RATIOS

② $(4x^2y^3)(3x^5y^8) = ?$

③ $10^5 \cdot 10^{12} = ?$

- 5 weeks left $\Rightarrow$
- | | |
|-----------|--|
| 1. EXAM 1 |] NEW STUFF |
| 2. QUIZ 4 | |
| 3. QUIZ 5 |] Course review
Problems with
ACT practice |
| 4. EXAM 2 | |
| 5. QUIZ 6 | |
- SEMESTER EXAMS

- 4 more Saturdays $\Rightarrow$ 4/24, 5/1, 5/8, 5/15
- LAST After school help $\Rightarrow$ 5/18 (Tues)

THE PROBLEM: VERY large OR VERY small numbers ARE A CHORE TO WRITE AND A REAL CHORE TO USE IN CALCULATIONS if you STICK TO STANDARD NOTATION

(FV) 463,000,000,000 (FV) 0.0000000862

The solutions use our "base 10" number system where each decimal place bigger is "times 10" and each decimal place smaller is "divided by 10" and our "Multiplication Rule for Exponents" to rewrite numbers in SCIENTIFIC NOTATION.

(EX) 463,000,000,000.

COUNT DECIMAL PLACES
UNTIL YOU NUMBER IS
BETWEEN 1 AND 10, IN
THIS CASE 4.63.

Rewrite as 4.63×10^{11}

$\uparrow$ MADE SMALLER
 BY 10^n

NOTE: $10^{\textcircled{1}} = 10$
 $10^2 = 100$
 $10^3 = 1000$
 $10'' = 100,000,000,000$

Number of zeros
in 10^N matches
the exponent.

EX 0.0000000862
 $\rightarrow 8.62 \times 10^{-8}$

$$8.62 \times \frac{1}{10^8}$$

$$8.62 \times 10^{-8}$$

* ① A number is written in Scientific Notation
 $a \times 10^N$

Where $1 \leq a < 10$ and N is an integer

EX $10 = 1 \times 10^1$

$$100 = 1 \times 10^2$$

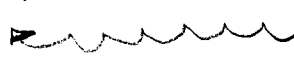
$$1000 = 1 \times 10^3$$

$$0.1 = 1 \times 10^{-1}$$

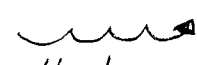
$$0.01 = 1 \times 10^{-2}$$

Ex 2
Pg 426

Standard to Scientific Notation

(A) 30,500,000

 7 places

MADE SMALLER MULTIPLY BY BIGGER
 $\therefore 3.05 \times 10^7$
 CAN ONLY DROP TRAILING ZEROS.

(B) 0.000781

 4 places

MADE BIG MULTIPLY BY SMALLER
 $\therefore 7.81 \times 10^{-4}$
 $= 7.81 \cdot \frac{1}{10000}$
 $= \frac{7.81}{10000} = \frac{781}{1000000} \text{ WHY?}$

Ex 1
Pg 426

Scientific to Standard

(A) 2.45×10^8

245000000.0

 use 2 places
 to get to 245, ADD 6 zeros to get to 8

(B) 3×10^{-5}

0.00003

 GO LEFT 1 place to
 get to .3, then left 4 zeros

LETS TAKE THIS format OUT for a sec:

(EX) Multiply $42000000 \cdot 3000$

$$4.2 \times 10^7 \cdot 3 \times 10^3$$

$$4.2 \cdot 3 \cdot 10^7 \cdot 10^3$$

$$12.6 \times 10^{10} \quad \text{WHY?}$$

$\boxed{1.26 \times 10^{11}}$ Proper scientific notation

MAKE Smaller by 10 MAKE Bigger by 10

(EX) Multiply $60000 \cdot 0.00002$

$$6 \times 10^4 \cdot 2 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$12 \times 10^{-1}$$

$\boxed{1.2}$ ACTUALLY 1.2×10^0
 $10^0 = 1$

(EX) $80000 \div 200$

$$\frac{8 \times 10^4}{2 \times 10^2} = \frac{8}{2} \cdot 10^{4-2}$$

$$= \boxed{4 \times 10^2} \quad \text{or } 400$$

Ex 4
Pg 427

$$(5 \times 10^{-8})(2.9 \times 10^2)$$

$$14.5 \times 10^{-6}$$

CAREFUL

ONE PLACE
SMALLER

ONE PLACE
BIGGER?

$$1.45 \times 10^{-5}$$

=

145

ONE place to get to .145
⇒ ADD 4 zeros in front

$$.0000145$$

$$\textcircled{\text{Ex}} \quad \frac{1 \times 10^{12}}{2 \times 10^6} = .5 \times 10^6$$

$$= \boxed{5 \times 10^5}$$

Homework: ① Read Ch. 8-3

② Pg. 428 #1, 2, 26-29, 30-40 even,
429 # 44, 45, 51